



Year 2 Art Autumn

Topic: Movers and Shakers

Previous learning

In art, the children revisit colour theory, including recalling the names of the primary colours and how to use them to make secondary colours. In still life, the children learn about artists such as Vincent van Gogh and explore the use of colour in more depth. This project teaches children about basic colour theory by studying the colour wheel and colour mixing. It includes an exploration of primary and secondary colours and how artists use colour in their artwork.

Substantive Knowledge in Art

The development of the formal elements by introducing and experiencing a wide range of media, using associated key vocabulary and knowing the work and techniques of a wide range of artists, craftspeople and designers. As pupils progress, they should be able to think critically and develop a more rigorous understanding of art and design as they develop skills and knowledge. They should also know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation. At the end of Key Stage Two, children of Alderman Cogan will be able to work independently to take action and refine their technical and craft skills in order to improve their mastery of materials and techniques.

Disciplinary knowledge in Art

Creatively thinking of possibilities, making comparisons, questioning and critiquing, reaching judgements, addressing challenges and reflecting on the impact of works of Art and Design produced independently, collectively and by others. Presenting outcomes verbally and in written form.

Lesson 1

Exploring & Developing Ideas

- To be able to describe similarities and differences between artwork on a common theme.
- To know works of art are important for many reasons: they were created by famous or highly skilled artists; they influenced the artwork of others; they clearly show the features of a style or movement of art; the subject matter is interesting or important; they show the thoughts and ideas of the artist or the artist created a large body of work over a long period of time.
- Can explain why a painting, piece of artwork, body of work or artist is important.
- Can analyse aspects of artwork to analyse and evaluate include subject matter, colour, shape, form and texture.

Lesson 2

Exploring & Developing Ideas

- To know that the secondary colours are green, purple and orange. These colours can be made by mixing primary colours together.
- To be able to identify and mix secondary colours

Lesson 3

Evaluating & Developing Work:

• Can analyse and evaluate their own and others' work using artistic vocabulary.

Vocabulary

colour; mixing, primary colours, primary shades, tones, techniques, layering

Year 2 Art Autumn

Topic: Movers and Shakers

Previous learning

In still life, the children learn about artists such as Vincent van Gogh and explore the use of colour in more depth. This project teaches children about the work of significant still life artists and still life techniques. They explore a wide variety of still lifes and learn about the use of colour and composition. They create still life arrangements and artwork.

Substantive Knowledge in Art

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Disciplinary knowledge in Art

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To be able to use the properties of pencil, ink and charcoal to create different

patterns, textures and lines, and explore shape, form and space.

techniques.	or materiale and	
Lesson 1	Exploring & Developing Ideas	
	 To know that a sketch is a quickly-produced or unfinished drawing, which helps artists develop their ideas. To know that artists make simple sketches to explore and develop ideas. 	
Lesson 2	Exploring & Developing Ideas	
	 To understand that textures include rough, smooth, ridged and bumpy. Tone is the lightness or darkness of a colour. Pencils can create lines of different thicknesses and tones and can also be smudged. Ink can be used with a pen or brush to make lines and marks of varying thicknesses, and can be mixed with water and brushed on paper as a wash. Charcoal can be used to create lines of different thicknesses and tones, and can be rubbed onto paper and smudged To be able to use the properties of pencil, ink and charcoal to create different patterns, textures and lines, and explore shape, form and space. 	
Lesson 3	Evaluating & Developing Work:	

Lesson 4	Evaluating & D	eveloping Work:
	 Analyse 	and evaluate their own and others' work using artistic vocabulary.
		Vocabulary
describe, discuss, explore, inv	estigate, sketch, d	colour, form, pattern, shape, sketch, visual element, represent, sketch
Year 2		
Spring		
Topic: Coastline Art		
Previous learning		
build on their earlier experience	s of relief sculptu including shape	randing of sculptural forms through the subject matter of flowers. They re in the Year 1 project Street view. This project teaches children about , texture, colour, pattern and form. They also explore various artistic forms, using paper and clay.
Substantive Knowledge in Art		Disciplinary knowledge in Art
The development of the formal of introducing and experiencing a vimedia, using associated key vook knowing the work and technique range of artists, craftspeople and pupils progress, they should be a critically and develop a more rigorunderstanding of art and design skills and knowledge. They should how art and design both reflect a history, and contribute to the cult and wealth of our nation. At the estage Two, children of Alderman able to work independently to tal refine their technical and craft skimprove their mastery of material techniques.	vide range of cabulary and s of a wide d designers. As cable to think brous as they developed also know and shape our cure, creativity end of Key Cogan will be ke action and cills in order to	Creatively thinking of possibilities, making comparisons, questioning and critiquing, reaching judgements, addressing challenges and reflecting on the impact of works of Art and Design produced independently, collectively and by others. Presenting outcomes verbally and in written form.
Lesson 1	Exploring & De	eveloping Ideas
	waterco medium has a ro pastels, rubbing differen	with that art papers have different weights and textures. For example, blour paper is heavy and has a rough surface, drawing paper is of a weight and has a fairly smooth surface and handmade paper usually bugh, uneven surface with visible fibres. Different media, such as or watercolour paint, can be added to papers to reveal texture and the technique, frottage, can be used to create a range of effects on to papers are a range of textures using the properties of different types of paper.
Lesson 2	Exploring & De	eveloping Ideas
	easy to	w that malleable materials, such as clay, plasticine or salt dough, are shape. Interesting materials that can make textures, patterns and sinclude tree bark, leaves, nuts and bolts and bubble wrap.
Lesson 3	Exploring & De	eveloping Ideas

Are able to press objects into a malleable material to make textures, patterns and imprints.

Lesson 4	Evaluating & Developing Work	
	 Draw, paint and sculpt natural forms from observation, imagination and memory To talk about aspects of artwork to analyse and evaluate include subject matter, colour, shape, form and texture. 	
Lesson 5	Evaluating & Developing Work	
	 To know that a block print is made when a pattern is carved or engraved onto a surface, such as clay or polystyrene, covered with ink, and then pressed onto paper or fabric to transfer the ink. The block can be repeatedly used, creating a repeating pattern. Use the properties of various materials, such as clay or polystyrene, to develop a block print. 	
Lesson 6	Evaluating & Developing Work	
	To analyse and evaluate their own and others' work using artistic vocabulary.	
describe, discuss, explore, inv	estigate, sketch, colour, form, pattern, shape, sketch, visual element, represent, sketch	

Year 2 Summer **Magnificent Monarchs**

Previous learning

In art and design, children's understanding of monarchy and power is connected. Children revisit the theme of portraiture initially studied in the Year 1 project Funny Faces and Fabulous Features and the concept of monarchy introduced in the Year 1 project Bright Lights, Big City. They use art software to create simple line drawings, again building on their experiences in Year 1. This project teaches children about portraiture. They analyse the portraits of Tudor monarchs and compare Tudor portraits and selfies today. They use photo editing software to create royal portraits.

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Disciplinary knowledge in Art

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Lesson 1	Exploring & Developing Ideas
	 To be able to explain why a painting, piece of artwork, body of work or artist is important. To know why works of art are important for many reasons: they were created by famous or highly skilled artists; they influenced the artwork of others; they clearly show the features of a style or movement of art; the subject matter is interesting or important; they show the thoughts and ideas of the artist or the artist created a large body of work over a long period of time.
Lesson 2	Exploring & Developing Ideas
	 To know a drawing, painting or sculpture of a human face is called a portrait. To make simple sketches to explore and develop ideas.

Lesson 3 **Exploring & Developing Ideas**

To be able to represent the human form, including face and features, from observation, imagination or memory

Lesson 4	Evaluating & Developing Work		
	 To understand aspects of artwork to analyse and evaluate include subject matter, colour, shape, form and texture. 		
Lesson 5	Evaluating & Developing Work:		
	To analyse and evaluate their own and others' work using artistic vocabulary.		
	Vocabulary		
portrait, pose, posture, evaluate, practice, successful, analyse, different, dislike, evaluate, like, similar, discuss, evaluate, improve, success, feedback			

Year 2 Summer Magnificent Monarchs Landscapes Art

Previous learning

In art and design, children's understanding of monarchy and power is connected. In this topic children look at landscapes. This follows from the work they have done about observations drawing in year 1.

Substantive Knowledge in Art

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Lesson 1	Exploring & Developing Ideas		
	To know a landscape is a piece of artwork that shows a scenic view		
Lesson 2	Exploring & Developing Ideas		
	To be able to draw or paint features of landscape from memory, imagination or		

Vocabulary

building, cityscape, feature, street, urban, urban landscape